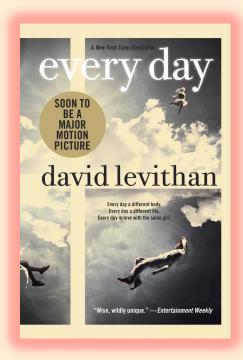
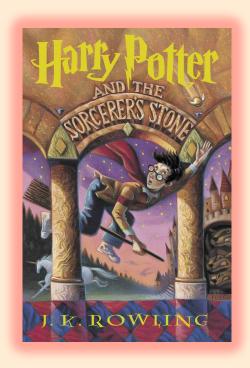


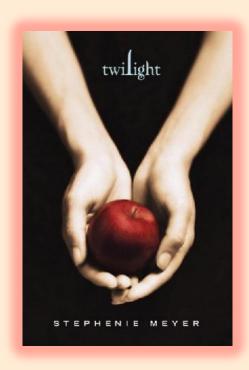




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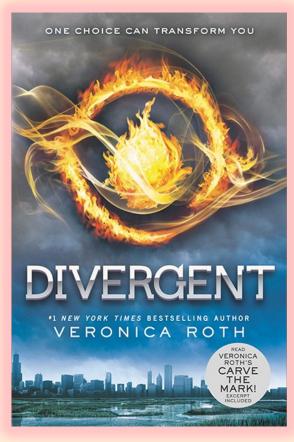


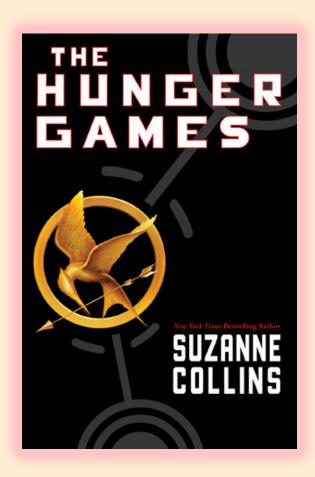




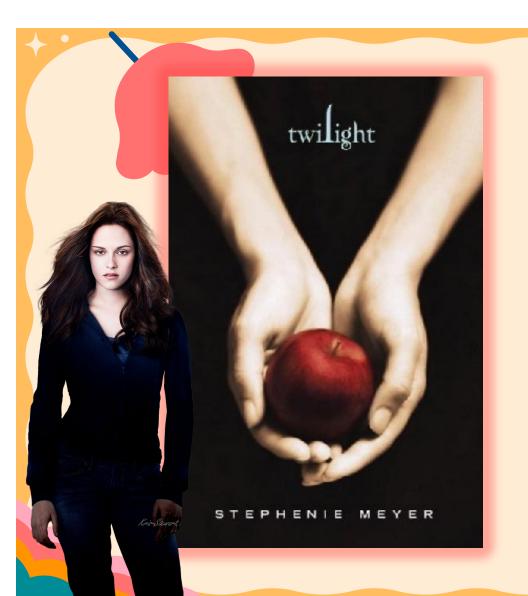


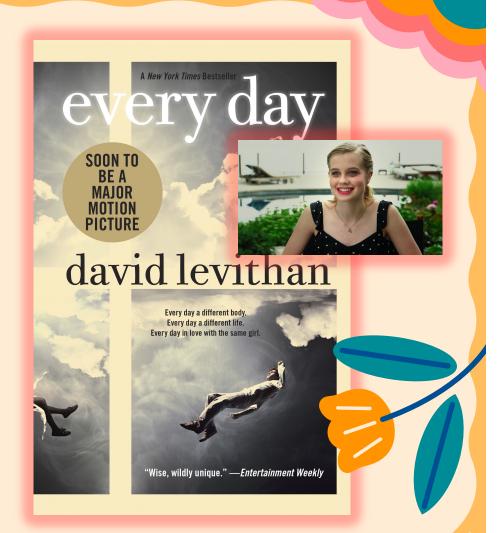
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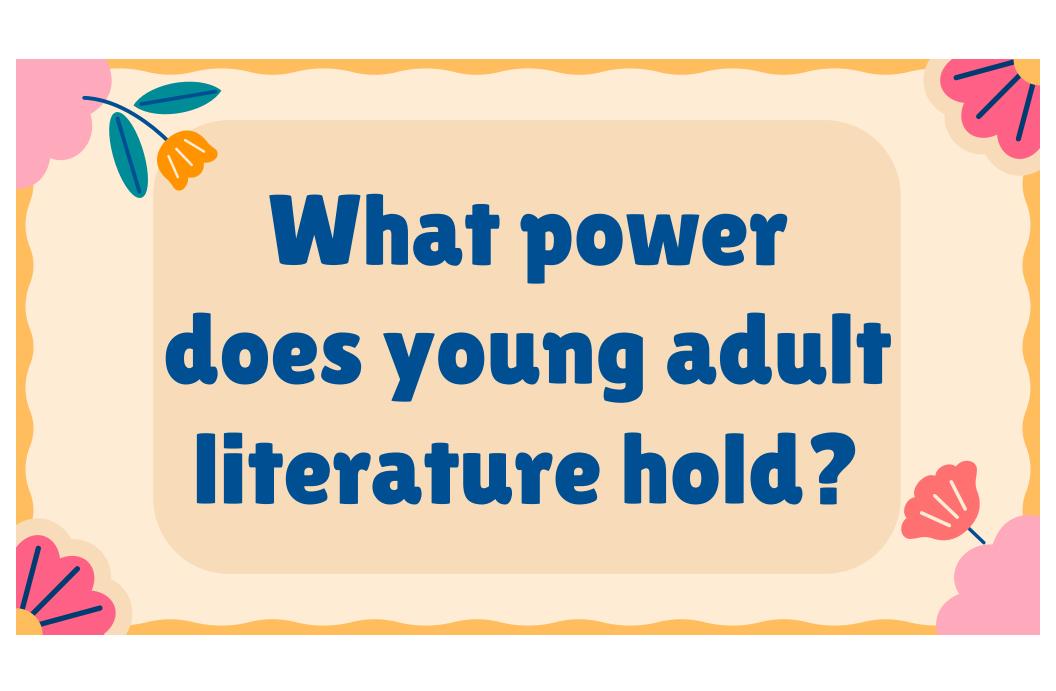












What power does YA Lit. hold?

- Young adults are still "figuring out their place in society" and "searching for [their] identity," and they look to young adult literature to help them in this search (Bodden 90, 20).
 - Shows young adult girls where they belong in society, how they should behave, and how they should present themselves.
 - Young adult girls "cast fictional characters as peers, relatives, and especially friends" (Day 3).

Young adult girls "desire to identify so strongly with characters that the line between fictional story and real reading experience can be blurred or disregarded entirely" (Day 3).



How are young adult girls portrayed?

Young adult girls are believed to be:

"affectionate, cheerful, childlike, avoiding harsh language, eager to soothe harsh feelings, flatterable, gentle, gullible, loving children, loyal, sensitive to the needs of others, shy, soft-spoken, sympathetic, tender, understanding, warm, and yielding" (Kokesh and Sternadori 141).





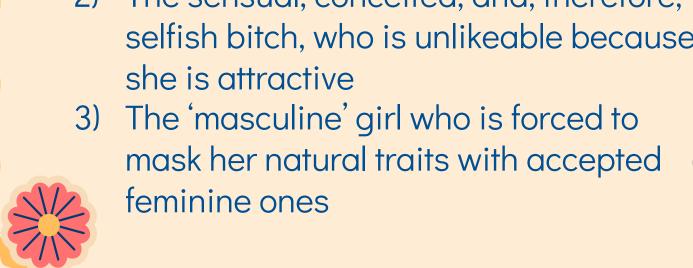


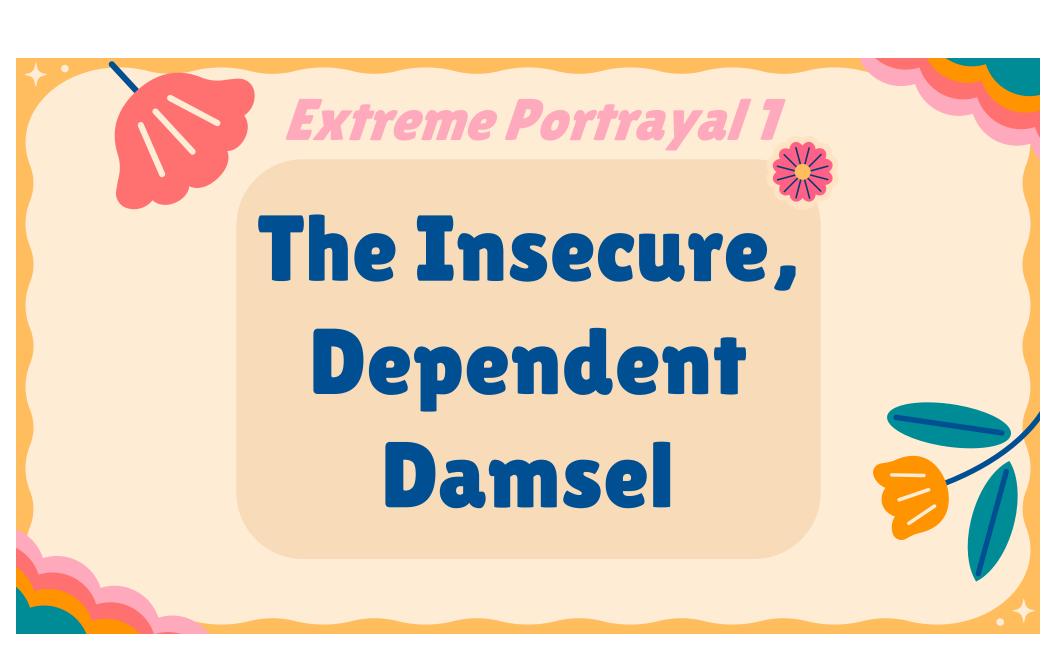
How are young adult girls portrayed?

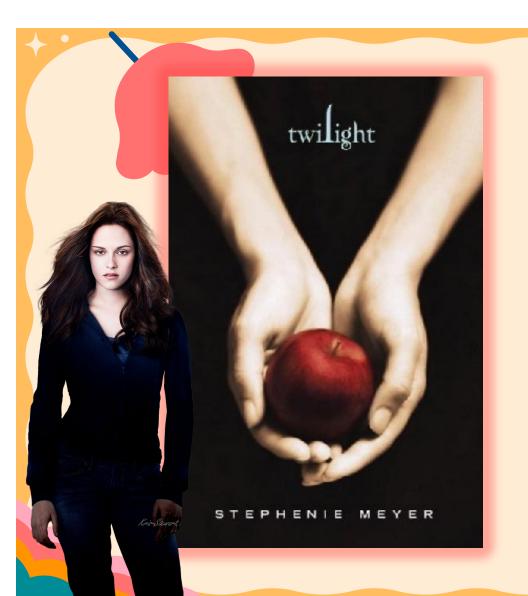
The 3 extreme portrayals:

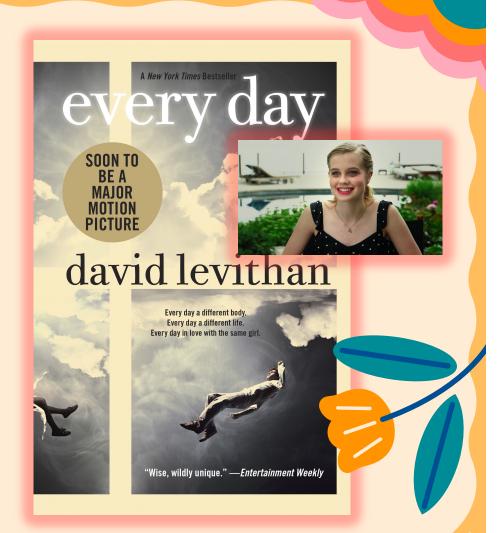
The insecure, dependent damsel, who needs the validation of the male

2) The sensual, conceited, and, therefore, selfish bitch, who is unlikeable because she is attractive





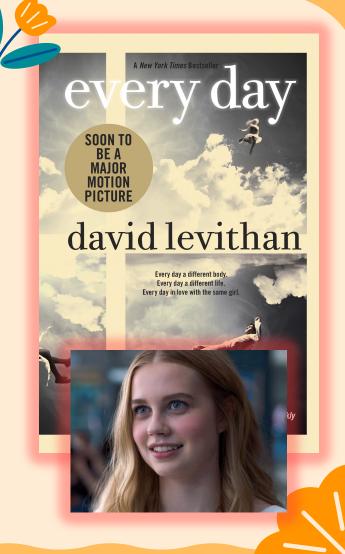




Levithan's *Everyday*

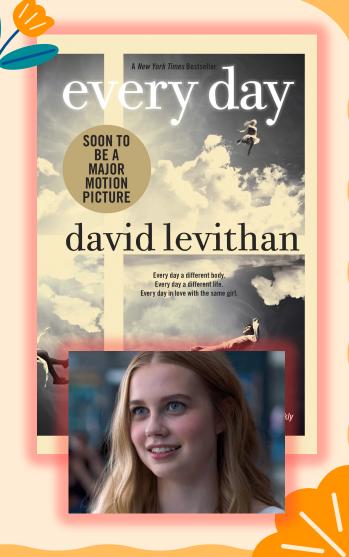
Main love interest: Rhiannon

- o "[T]ransparent in her emotions—tentative and expectant, nervous and adoring" (Levithan 4).
- "No one else would have this reaction to [Justin], so unsteady in his presence" (Levithan 4).
- "She's looking at the floor, at her inked-in Converse" (Levithan 4).



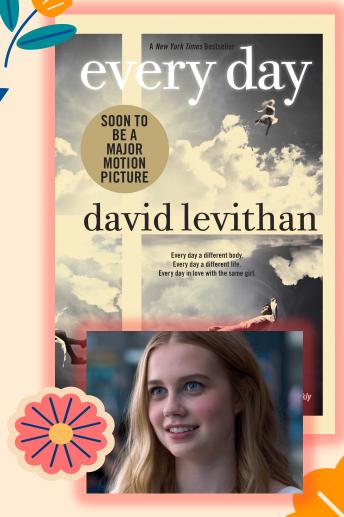
Levithan's *Everyday*

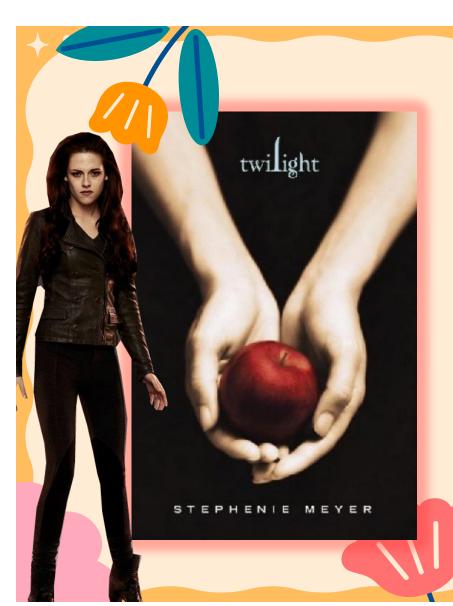
- "She's pretty, but she doesn't see it. She's hiding behind her hair, happy to see me [Justin] and unhappy to see me at the same time" (Levithan 4).
- o "She is so lost in her sadness that she has no idea how visible it is" (Levithan 5).
- "It's there in her body language. When she is around him, she makes herself small" (Levithan 5).



Levithan's Everyday

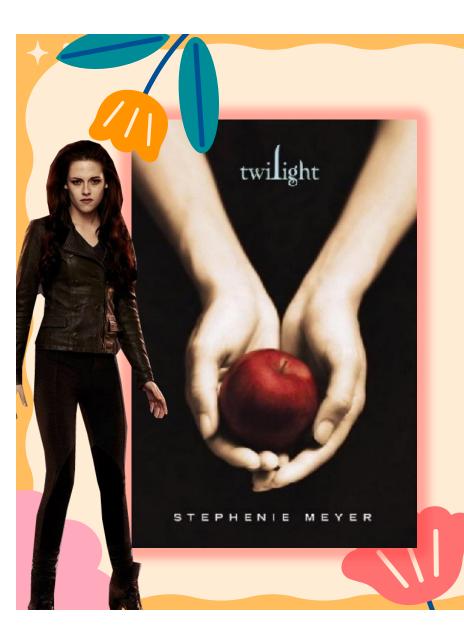
- Just by the fifth page, Levithan has met nearly every one of the stereotypically female traits.
- Rhiannon is "affectionate," "eager to soothe harsh feelings, flatterable, gentle," "loyal, sensitive to the needs of others, shy, soft-spoken, sympathetic, tender, understanding, warm, and yielding" (Kokesh and Sternadori 141).



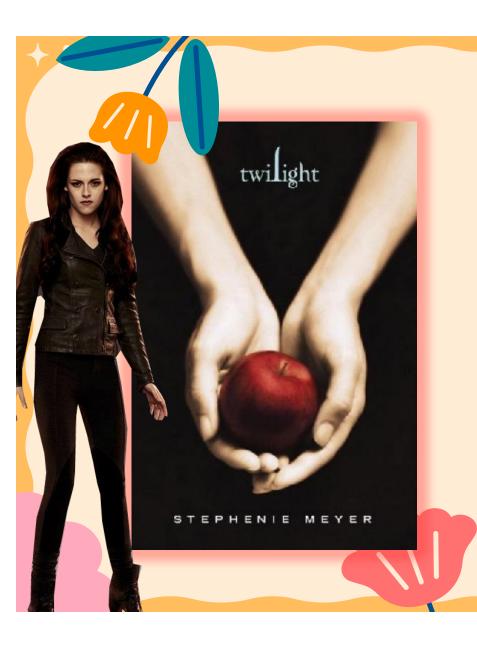


Female protagonist: Bella Swan

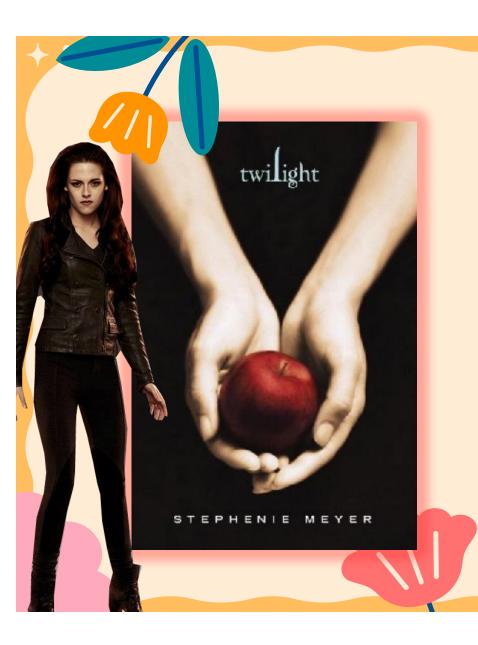
- O She has "always been a bad liar" (Meyer 4).
- O "physically" never fitting "in anywhere" (10)
- never "relat[ing] well to people [her] age" or to "people, period" (Meyer 10)
- O "obviously not an athlete" (Meyer 10)
 - O "crippling clumsiness" (Meyer 55), she admits that she makes "the Cowardly Lion look like the terminator" (Meyer 30).
- O "shy" (Meyer 23).



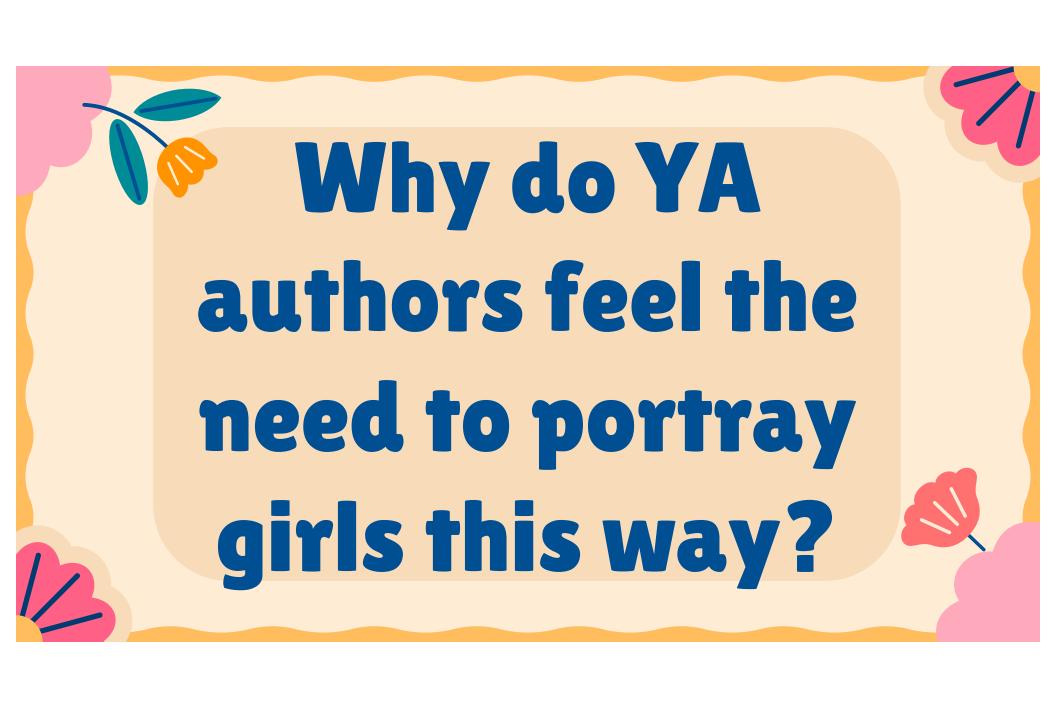
- O Bella describes herself in a negative way, wishing she were "tan, sporty, [and] blond" (Meyer 10). Instead, she feels that her "ivory," "translucent" skin appears "sallo[w]" and "unhealthy" (Meyer 10)
- O She is "more than a little obsessed with Edward Cullen" (Meyer 67).
- O Edward starts to "consume" her entire identity (Meyer 67).
- O Yet Meyer's portrays Bella questioning this obsession...



- O When Bella first admits that she is both obsessed and consumed with Edward, she subsequently calls herself "Stupid, stupid, stupid" (Meyer 67).
- O Later, when she finds that her mood is largely affected by Edward's presence or absence, which usually results in a sudden loss of her appetite (Meyer 86), at school, she chastises herself for "allow[ing] him to have this level of influence over [her]" and that it is both "pathetic" and "unhealthy," (Meyer 74).



- O Bella admits that her own life seems to surround Edward.
 - O Time, in Forks, Washington flows in a disjointed way, "passing in a blur at times, with single images standing out more clear than others. And then, at other times, every second was significant, etched in [her] mind" (Meyer 118).
- O She knows "exactly what cause[s] the difference" in this disjointed flow of time: Edward (Meyer 118). Surprisingly, she admits that this focus on Edward "disturb[s] [her]" (Meyer 118)



Conclusion



- Young adult literature has a powerful effect on young adult girls.
- There are 3 extreme portrayals.
- One of the most prevalent is the insecure, dependent damsel.
 - Bella and Rhiannon
- YA authors need to reflect on why they feel the need to feed into the stereotype.
- We need to prepare YA girl readers for what damaging portrayals they will encounter.

Questions? Comments?

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